ΖΟρί

eco-smart EV charge point



Operation & Installation Manual

MODELS:

ZAPPI-207UW-T	ZAPPI-207UB-T
ZAPPI-207TW-T	ZAPPI-207TB-T
ZAPPI-222UW-T	ZAPPI-222UB-T
ZAPPI-222TW-T	ZAPPI-222TB-T



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Introduction

Thank you for choosing zappi. Of course, we think you have made an excellent choice and are sure you will be incredibly happy with the features, benefits, and quality of your myenergi product.

These instructions will help you to familiarise yourself with the zoppi. By reading the instructions, you will be sure to get the maximum benefit from your 'eco-smart' device.

Safety

zoppi is an AC EV charger, intended to be installed in a fixed location and permanently connected to the AC supply network. It is a Class 1 item of electrical equipment in accordance with IEC 61140.

The unit is designed for indoor or outdoor use at a location with restricted access and should be mounted vertically either surface (wall) mounted or on the dedicated pole mount supplied separately by myenergi.

The device has been manufactured in accordance with the state of the art and the recognised safety standards. However, incorrect operation or misuse may result in:

- Injury or death to the operator or third parties
- Damage to the device and other property of the operator
- Inefficient operation of the device

All persons involved in commissioning, maintaining, and servicing the device must:

- Be suitably qualified
- Have knowledge of and experience in dealing with electrical installations
- Read and follow these operating instructions carefully
- Always disconnect the device from the supply before removing the cover

The device is not to be used by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory, or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the device by a person responsible for their safety.

zappi comes in either tethered or untethered variants. The untethered version should only be used with a dedicated Type 2 cable which is compliant with EN 62196-1 and EN 62196-2. Adapters, extension cables and conversion cables must not be used with either version of the zappi.

Failure to install and operate the zoppi in accordance with these instructions may damage the unit and invalidate the manufacturer's warranty.

Disposal



In accordance with European Directive 2002/96/EC on waste electrical and electronic equipment and its implementation in national law, used electrical devices **must** be collected separately and recycled in an environmentally responsible manner. Ensure that you return your used device to your dealer or obtain information regarding a local, authorised collection and disposal system. Failure to comply with this EU Directive may result in a negative impact on the environment.

Copyright

Copyright of these operating instructions remains with the manufacturer. Text and images correspond to the technical level at the time of going to press. We reserve the right to make changes. The content of the operating instructions shall not give rise to any claims on the part of the purchaser. We are grateful for any suggestions for improvement and notices of errors in the operating instructions.

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Box Contents

Tethered Units

 $1\,x\,z$ $\alpha\rho\rho$ i unit with EV cable and connector attached

1 x Cable wall guard

1 or 3 x CT Clamps

(1x single phase units / 3x three phase units)

1x Mounting Template

1 x Mounting kit for a brick wall

Mounting kit (Tethered units)

4 x 50mm Pozi screws

4 x Wall mounting plug

4 x Sealing washer

4 x 12mm Pozi screws (countersunk)

Untethered Units

1 x zappi unit

1 or 3 x CT Clamps

(1x single phase units / 3x three phase units)

1 x Mounting template

1 x Mounting kit for a brick wall

Mounting kit (Untethered units)

4 x 50mm Pozi screws

4 x Wall mounting plug

4 x Sealing washer

Overview

Microgeneration systems such as Solar PV and small wind turbines are at their most efficient when the generated energy is consumed on-site rather than exporting it to the grid. This is what we call 'self-consumption'.

zoppi is a Mode 3 charging station, compatible with all electric vehicles that comply with EN 62196 and EN 61851-1 plug-in electric vehicle standards.

zαρρί works like any regular charging point but has special ECO charging modes that will benefit homeowners with grid-tied microgeneration systems e.g. wind or solar generation. Two special ECO charging modes automatically adjust charging current in response to on-site generation and household power consumption. In FAST charge mode, zαρρί operates like an ordinary EV charger.

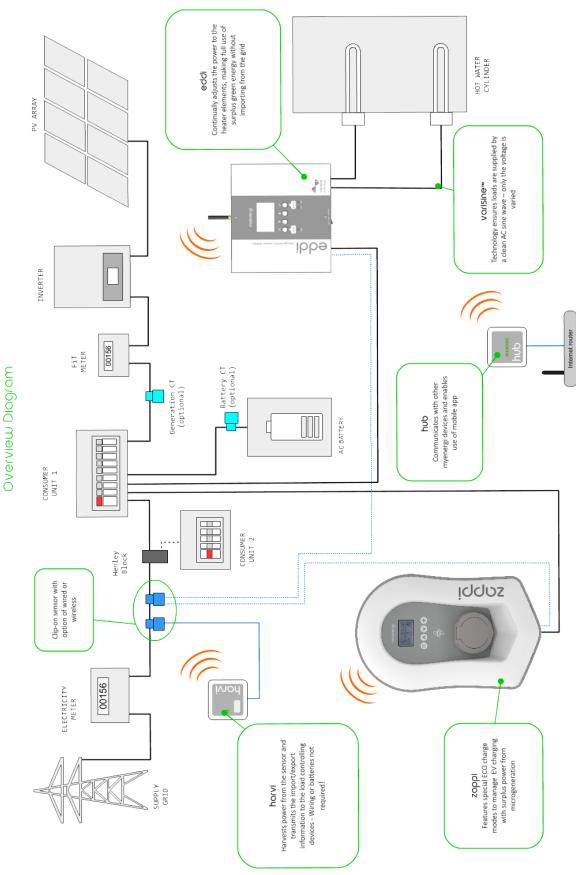
A grid current sensor (**supplied**) simply clips around the incoming supply cable and is used to monitor excess power. When using the special ECO charge modes, zappi will automatically adjust the charge rate in response to available surplus.

Feature Set

- 3 charging modes: ECO, ECO+ & FAST
- Optimises microgeneration self-consumption
- Works with solar PV, wind turbine or micro-hydro systems
- Economy tariff sense input
- Programmable timer function
- Charge and event logging
- Remote control and monitoring add-on option
- Pin-code lock function
- Tap operated display backlight
- Built-in 6mA DC residual current protection (RDC-DD in accordance with EN 62955).
- Integral cable holster (tethered units)
- Supplied with 1 x clip-on grid current sensor (x3 if purchasing a 3-phase unit)
- Illuminated display for convenience, the display can be illuminated by simply tapping the zappi front cover

Overview Diagram

The diagram below shows the zappi as part of a complete energy management system. Other myenergi products are shown with details of how they integrate with the grid connection and the microgeneration system.



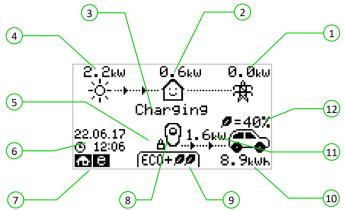
Operation Controls & Indicators





1.	Display	Graphical LCD display with LED backlight		
		Backlight can be activated by tapping the unit.		
2.	Front Fascia	Remove fascia for installing and servicing		
3.	Tethered Charging Cable if applicable	6.5-meter cable with a Type 2 plug or Type 2 socket with locking system for untethered models.		
4.	Control Buttons	 Four tactile buttons used to navigate the menus and alter settings: Menu Change charge mode Move up a menu item Increase value Change charge mode Move down a menu item Decrease value Boost Select item Confirm value and move to next setting. 		
5.	Integrated Cable Holster (tethered units only)	When not in use, the charging cable should be wrapped around the unit and secured in the cable holster (tethered units).		
6.	Charging Connection Point (untethered units)	When cable not in use, the charging cable should be unplugged and stored in a cool dry place.		
7.	RGB Indicator	Visual Indicator that changes colour dependant on the zappi's charging state. (see <i>RGB Indicator</i> page 8)		

Display



	(7)	(8) (9) (10)
1.	Import / Export Power	The power being either imported or exported from or to the grid (kW). The direction of the arrows indicates if the property is currently importing power (left) or exporting power (right).
		The size of the arrows is proportionate to the level of power being imported / exported, When the property is neither importing or exporting power the figure will be 0.0kW and there will no animated arrows. The property is then said to be 'in balance'.
2.	House Load Power	The power that the property is currently using in kW.
		(Note: This is displayed only when the Generation Sensor is installed directly to a CT input or a harvior other myenergi device)
3.	Status Text	The current status is displayed here (see <i>Status Screens</i> page <i>9</i>).
4.	Generation Power	The power being generated at this time in kW.
		(Note: This is displayed only when the CTs are installed either hard wired to the CT inputs of the zappi or wirelessly to a harvior other myenergidevice)
5.	Lock Icon	Operation lock is active.
6.	Date & Time	The current date and time.
7.	Mode Icons	These icons indicate that the import limiting is active (house), Demand Side Response (~) or the <i>eSense</i> input is live (e) see page <i>26</i> .
8.	zappi Icon	If you see wavy lines above the zappi icon, the unit is thermally limiting! The output power is temporarily reduced.
9.	Charge Mode	Shows the selected Charging Mode; FAST, ECO or ECO+ (see <i>Charging Modes</i> page <i>11</i>).
10.	Charge Delivered to EV	The accumulated charge energy that has been sent to EV in this charge session.
11.	Current Charging Power	When the EV is charging, arrows will show here along with the charging power in kW.
12.	Green Level of Last Charge	This is the percentage of 'Green' energy for the last charge session, this is shown at the end of a charge or when the EV is unplugged.

Display Icons Key

_	/	٦	
-		•	7
	-	~	ı
			_

House Consumption - Not Importing



Charge Mode = FAST



House Consumption - Importing



Charge Mode = ECO



Solar Generation Power

Wind Generation Power



Charge Mode = ECO+





Charge Mode = STOP



zappi Device - Normal

On the three phase zappi the number in the icon indicates whether the EV is charging with a single phase or all three phases.



Grid Power – Import / Export



zoppi Device – Too Warm (output limited)



Power Flow Direction - Small Amount



Import Power Limiting Active



Power Flow Direction – Medium Amount



Economy Tariff Electricity Available



Power Flow Direction – Large Amount



Current Charging Power



Waiting for Surplus Power



Energy sent to EV for this charge



DSR Mode (demand-side response)¹



Warning – refer to text on screen



Lock icon – zappi or cable locked (untethered versions only)

RGB Indicator

The lighting flash indicator on the front of the zappi indicates the status of the charge. The default colours are:

Pink: Connected

Green: Charging 100% Green
White: Charging from Grid only

Yellow: Charging mix of grid/green energy

Blue: Charge complete

Red: Error

These colours can be adjusted on Display & Sound menu (firmware version 2.163 onwards)

The colour effect (pulsing of the LED brightness) varies according to the charging power

¹ DSR – Demand Side Response – A smart feature for future use by electricity suppliers and distribution companies to help manage load on the electricity system at times of high demand. This feature can only be enabled by the owner of the zoρρί

Status Screens

EV Disconnected



The EV is not connected to zappi.

In this example the last charging session delivered 20.8kWh of energy to the EV and 80% of that energy came from the solar panels.

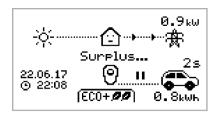
Waiting for Surplus



zappi is waiting for sufficient surplus power from the microgeneration system. This screen will be shown in ECO+ mode as it is only in this mode that charging will stop if there is not enough surplus power.

The house in the centre is straight-faced as grid electricity is being used by the house (0.9kW in the example shown).

Surplus



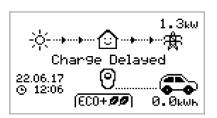
Enough surplus is available and zoppi is about to charge the EV. A timer is decremented and can be set in the charge settings (ECO+ mode only).

Waiting for EV...



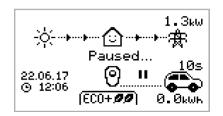
zappi is waiting for the EV to respond; the EV is not ready to accept charge.

Charge Delayed



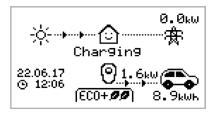
The charging session has been delayed by the EV because a scheduled charge has been set in the vehicle.

Paused...



zappi is paused for a few seconds in order to limit the start/stop frequency during ECO+ mode charging.

Charging



The EV is charging.

In this example the car is charging in ECO+ mode at 1.6kW, there is no import or export from the grid (0.0kW) and the EV battery has charged by 8.9kWh since the car started.

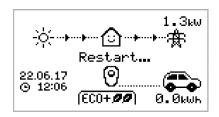
Charge Complete



The EV is fully charged.

The charge energy used during the last charge is displayed at the bottom right (20.0kWh in this case) and the 'green contribution' is also shown (40% in this example).

Restart...



zoppi is performing a restart sequence.

This may happen with some EVs that need to be 'woken-up' to start charging after a pause in the charge. Charge should start immediately afterwards, otherwise the "Charge Delayed" message will appear.

Stopping...



zappi is about to stop the EV charging

Charging Modes

zoppi has three different charging modes and a "STOP" mode which can be selected simply by pressing the 🔊 and 👽 buttons when the main screen is showing. The charge mode can be changed before or during a charge.



Regardless of the charge mode, all the surplus electricity is used. zappi's special eco charge modes limit the amount of grid electric used. Below is explanation of each of the charging modes.

FAST ▶▶ Charges at the fastest rate.

Fast Mode will charge the EV at the fastest rate and will import grid electricity if there is insufficient surplus generated power.

The actual charge rate is dependent on the EV's onboard charger and the grid supply voltage. Some vehicles can charge at 11kW or 22kW on a 3-Phase zappi, but many EV's have lower charge rates. The maximum charge rate for the single phase zappi is 7kW.

Adjusts the charge rate to limit the use of electricity.

The charge rate is continuously adjusted, in response to changes in generation or power consumption elsewhere in the home, thereby minimising the use of grid power.

Charging will continue until the vehicle is fully charged, using available surplus power.

If at any time, the available surplus power falls below 1.4kW, the shortfall will be drawn from the grid.

Note: The EV charging standard does not support charging below 1.4kW.

Adjusts the charge rate to limit the use of grid electricity and will pause the charge if there is too much or any grid electricity being used (setup dependent)

The charge rate is continuously adjusted, in response to changes in generation or power consumption elsewhere in the home, thereby minimising the use of grid power. Charging will pause if there is too much imported power, continuing only when there is enough surplus power available. The surplus power threshold at which the charge will start or stop can be set using **Min Green Level** in the **ECO+ Settings** of the **Charge Settings** menu.

The actual green contribution percentage is shown when the charge is complete or when the zappi has been disconnected from the EV.

It is possible to charge the EV using only surplus renewable power, if there is sufficient surplus power available and a boost option has **not** been set. (*Please note: The EV charging standard does not support charging below 1.4kW*)

Example: when zappi is set to a Min Green Level of 100% you will need in excess of around 1.4kW of surplus energy available to start the charge. If the surplus falls below the 1.4kW threshold the charge will pause until the threshold is once again met. After a short delay zappi will resume charge.

If preferable, you can set the zappi to share power from the grid and a generation source to ensure a charge is always maintained. For example, the Min Green Level could be set to 75%. A charge will then start when there is a surplus of 1.05kW, taking a further 0.35kW from the grid. It is worth noting that this is only required to start a charge. If a higher amount of surplus becomes available it will be consumed, resulting in less being drawn from the grid.

STOP The output from zappi is turned off

In STOP mode zappi will not charge your EV. <u>This includes the boost modes and timed boost</u>. zappi will continue to measure power and communicate with the other myenergi devices.

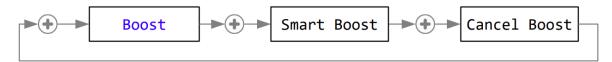
Manual Boost

The Manual Boost function can only be used when charging in ECO or ECO+ mode. When boosting, the charge rate is set to maximum (just like FAST mode), until a set amount of energy has been stored in the EV's battery. After which, zappi will revert to ECO or ECO+ mode.

This function is useful if you arrive home with an almost flat battery and would like to charge the vehicle immediately to ensure there is enough charge for a short trip if needed.

The amount of energy delivered to the EV during the boost charge can be changed in the Charge Settings/Boost menu.

When in ECO or ECO+ mode, each press of the button will cycle through the boost options as illustrated below:



Activating Boost

- 1. When charging in ECO or ECO+ mode, press ⊕ until BOOST is shown.
- 2. The boost will start after a couple of seconds and the display will show the remaining boost energy

The boost duration can be altered in the Charge Settings/Manual Boost menu option.

Cancelling Boost

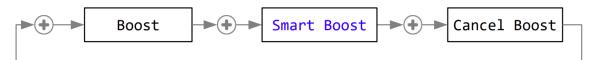
The boost can be cancelled by pressing • until Cancel Boost is shown.

Smart Boost

The Smart Boost function will charge the EV with a minimum kWh figure by a set time. Smart Boost is available only in ECO and ECO+ modes.

• The Smart Boost function does not bring the battery to a certain state of charge. The target kWh is only the energy added during the charging session.

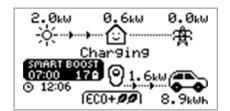
When in ECO or ECO+ mode, each press of the button will cycle through the boost options as illustrated below:



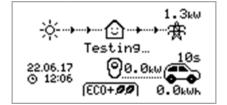
Example: It's a sunny Sunday and you wish to ensure there is enough charge in the EV to get to work in the morning (e.g. 15kWh), but in the meantime, you want to use the surplus energy from the PV system to charge the car, so you choose to use ECO+ mode. At sunset there was only 10kWh of charge accumulated. However, because you activated Smart Boost, and set the time you needed to leave for work, zoppi automatically boosted the charge in the night to top up the battery to the required 15kWh by 7am.

Activating Smart Boost

- 1. When charging in ECO or ECO+ mode, press ⊕ until SMART BOOST is shown.
- 2. The SMART BOOST icon will show including the target time and the pre-set energy amount.



3. zappi will then test the EV for a few seconds, to determine the maximum charge rate.



4. The boost will start at the latest possible time to achieve the set energy amount, if the current charge session has already accumulated enough energy, the boost will not be required and so will not operate.

The required energy and target time can be altered only when Smart Boost is not active. These settings are in the Charge Settings/Smart Boost menu option.

Cancelling Boost

The boost can be cancelled by pressing 🕀 until Cancel Boost is shown.

Programming the Smart Boost Values

- 1. From the main screen, press 🗐 to enter Main Menu
- 2. Select Smart Boost from within the Charge Settings menu. The SMART BOOST screen is then shown
- 3. The boost can now be edited: Use ♠ or ♥ buttons to edit the target time and amount of charge (kWh) that is required
- 4. Use ⊕ the to move to the next value, and the ⊜ to return to the main screen once the required Smart Boost parameters have been set

Boost Timer

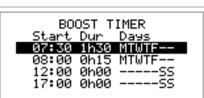
When using ECO or ECO+ charge modes, zoppi can be programmed to 'boost' the current charge at certain times. When boosting, the charge rate is set to maximum (just like FAST mode), regardless of the amount of available surplus power. This means that power may be drawn from the mains grid supply during boost times.

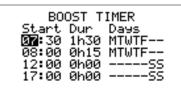
- There are four editable time slots which can be set to operate for certain days of the week.
- Setting the duration to 0h00 will make the boost inactive.

Programming Boost Times

- 2. Select Boost Timer from within the Charge Settings menu.
 The BOOST TIMER screen is then shown.
- 3. The boost can now be edited: Use ♠ or ♥ buttons to highlight the time slot you wish to change. The lower screenshot shows the start hour being edited:
- 4. Alter the start hour with the 🕭 or 👽 buttons and then press 🛨 to move to minutes.
- 5. Edit the duration in the same way and then press again to edit the days of the week you want the boost to be active for. Each day of the week can be toggled on/off with or very buttons. Press to go to the next day. Pressing to on the last day (Sunday) will confirm the boost time slot and the whole line will be highlighted again.

6. Press
to exit the BOOST TIMER screen.





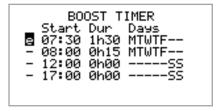
Economy Tariff Boosting

Boosting only when economy rate electricity is available can be achieved in one of three ways:

- 1. By setting the boost timer to coincide with the economy tariff times. This option should be used only if the electricity meter is a dual-rate meter (modern meters usually are).
- 2. Boost only at set times AND if economy rate electricity is available.
- 3. Automatically boost whenever the economy tariff rate electricity is available, regardless of boost times*

For option 1, the eSense Input in the Advanced menu should be set to Boost Timer Enable.

With the Boost Timer Enable function set, the BOOST TIMER screen will include an extra column. The ${\bf e}$ can be toggled on/off. If ${\bf e}$ is present, the boost will activate only when the boost times are valid and the economy rate tariff is available.



Alternatively the eSense input can be used to activate the boost whenever the economy tariff rate electricity is available, regardless of boost times (option 2). To do this, the eSense Input option in the Advanced menu should be set to Boost. When using this option, the Boost Timer is not needed.

Boost Time Conflicts

If one or more boost times conflict, the boost will follow the latest time or longest duration

^{*}Options 2 and 3 are available only when using the eSense input.

Lock Function

zappi can be locked from unauthorised operation. The Lock Function requires a PIN number to be entered before the unit can be operated and/or a charge is allowed. The main display can also be hidden when zappi is locked.

The lock can be set to be active

- Only when the EV is plugged in
- Only when the EV is unplugged.
- All the time.

The settings for the Lock Function can be found in the Other Settings/Lock Function menu option.

Lock Function Setting	Description
EV Plugged	The Lock Function is active when the EV is plugged in, preventing tampering with the charge session, or changing any settings
EV Unplugged	The Lock Function is active when the EV is disconnected, preventing unauthorised charging

If EV Plugged and EV Unplugged are both set, then the PIN lock is always active.

zappi is effectively locked against any unauthorised use and the PIN code will always be required to make any changes locally or to start a charge.

These are the recommended settings if **zappi** is mounted in an exposed / publicly accessible location and you do not want anyone else to be able to use it.

Timeout	The time before the Lock Function automatically reactivates after being unlocked
Lock Code	This is the current lock code and is five digits from (1 to 4), it can be changed here Default code: 44444
Auto Hide	If set, this will hide the main display of the zappi to keep the power readings private
Charge:	Allow a charge session without the need to enter a pin-code. Useful to leave zoppi access free but with the settings protected.
Test	Tests the socket lock solenoid when the charging cable is not plugged in.

If **zappi** will be used to provide public access for EV charging, then it is recommended to use the following settings:

- EV Plugged On
- EV Unplugged On
- Charge On
- Lock Code changed to a private PIN number

Socket Lock

For untethered units only, the EV cable will be locked automatically when it is inserted into the zappi, even if it is not plugged into the EV. A small 'lock' icon will be seen on the right side of the zappi, in the centre of the screen. When the EV is disconnected, a press of the + button, will unlock the cable for a duration of 5 seconds, allowing the cable to be removed from zappi. After this time, the lock will be re-activated.

If the 'Lock Function' (PIN lock) feature is enabled in the zappi, the cable will not be locked into the socket until the PIN is entered and EV charging starts. This means that if anyone plugs their cable into the zappi but they do not know the PIN they are able to remove their cable.

In all cases the cable is unlocked if zoppi detects a fault or the power supply to the zoppi is switched off.

Menus Main Menu

Main Menu Op	otions		Description
Charge Log	Today		Log of Charge Sessions
	Yesterday		
Week			
	Month		
	Year		
	Total		
	Custom Date		
Event Log	Today		Log of Events
	Yesterday		
	Week		
	Custom Date		
	WCS		
Readings	READINGS 1/9	Status: Mode:	Current status and charging mode of the unit
		Exporting: Importing:	Power being exported or imported, from or to the grid respectively
		Charging:	Power level in Watts being supplied to the EV
		Pilot (PWM):	Control Pilot PWM
		Charge Current: / I(A)	AC current supplied to the EV
		Unit Temp:	Internal temperature of the zoppi unit
	READINGS 2/9	Voltage:	Supply voltage to the unit
		Voltage Max:	Maximum supply voltage since switch-on
		Voltage Min:	Minimum supply voltage since switch-on
		Frequency:	Grid frequency
		Exporting: Importing:	Power being exported or imported, from or to the grid respectively
		PH1 PH2 PH3	Indicates which phases are active when charging
	READINGS 3/9	Exporting: Importing:	Power being exported or imported, from or to the grid respectively
		Generation:	Power from the generator (if available)
		Consumption:	Power consumed by the house (if available)
		Diverted:	Total diverted energy (inc. all myenergi devices)
		Charging:	Current power being supplied to the EV
		Charge Energy:	Energy supplied to the EV during current charge session
		Time:	Duration of the current charge session
	READINGS 4/9	Exporting: Importing:	Power being exported or imported, from or to the grid respectively
		Battery:	If an AC battery is being monitored the batter power reading is shown: Discharging (+) Charging (-)
		Britain GMT/BST	The set time zone
		LOC:	Local time
		UTC:	Coordinated Universal Time
	READINGS 5/9	CP (Control Pilot) rela	I
	READINGS 6/9	DSR related debug info	
	READINGS 7/9	Power Readings	Debug screen in preparation for automatic switching between a single phase and three phase charging
	READINGS 8/9	Packet Counters	Displays activity over the wireless and Ethernet links

	READINGS 9/9	Packet Counters	Display shows the different information packets being sent by the zappi to myenergi hub
Information	INFORMATION 1/4	Status:	Status of the unit
		Serial No:	Serial number of the unit
		Firmware:	Firmware version installed in the unit
		Assembled:	Factory assembly date
		Cal Date:	Calibration changed date
		Power Fail:	Time and date of last supply failure
	INFORMATION 2/4	Grid Sensor:	Grid current sensor source
		Last Fault:	Last recorded fault code
		Fault Date:	Date and time of last recorded fault code
		zappi 1ph Untethered zappi 1ph Tethered zappi 3ph Untethered zappi 3ph Tethered zappi 3ph!	Identifies the zoppi type, e.g. 3 phase or single phases / tethered or untethered. A '!' mark shows a missing phase for 3 phase units
	INFORMATION 3/4	Network ID:	Network information for this device when linked to other devices using
		Device Address:	myenergi radio frequency (RF) network (Only shows if connected to other devices)
		Master Address:	other devices)
		Channel:	
		EUI:	
		MNID:	
		EV: Active:	Auto updates on 3 phase zappis following the first charge session to indicate if the EV is capable of charging with 3 phases and whether phase or 3 phase charging is active
	INFORMATION 4/4	Time:	Current time
		Date:	Current date
		Up Time:	Length of time passed since last switch on
			Network load control limiting information:
		DDL:	DDL = Dynamic Device Limit (A)
		II:	II = Input current (Amps) LGA = Load Group Limit Active (Y/N)
		MGA:	MGA = Monitor Group Active (Y/N)
		DSR:	DSR = Demand Side Response Active (Watts and time to live)
			See Load Balancing / Current Limiting (page 40)
Linked	DEVICES PWR NOW		Power currently being drawn by the linked devices
Devices Info…	DEVICES PWR ALLOT		Available power allotted to the linked devices
	DEVICES PWR MAX		Maximum power that can be used by each device
	DEVICES PWR MIN		Minimum power that can be used by each device
	DEVICES MISC		Further information about power allocation of linked devices: Total Allotted = Total power allotted to all devices
			Total Loads = Power consumed by all devices
			Surplus Power = Unallocated power
			O/D Power = Total power over-drawn by devices Export Timer = Delay before surplus is allocated
Charge	ECO+ Settings	Min Green Level:	
Charge Settings…	reo. sectiliss	Start/Stop Delay:	ECO+ charge mode settings
		Plug-in Charge	Allows zoppi to force a charge session the first time the EV is plugged in. Required by some EV's if main charge does not start immediately.
	Manual Boost		Manual Boost settings. See Manual Boost page 12
	Smart Boost		Smart Boost settings. See Manual Boost page 12
-	Boost Timer		Programmable boost times. See Boost Timer page 14

	Default Mode:			Can be set to "FAST / ECO / ECO+ / MEM" (MEM stands for memory, i.e. last set mode before zoppi reset
	ECO/ECO+			Sets the number of phases for ECO & ECO+ charge modes (only available on 3 phase zappi)
Other	Time & Date	Time:		Sets the current time in 24-hour format
Settings		Date:		Sets the date in Format (see below)
		Format:		Sets the format of the date
		Auto DST:		Automatic Daylight-Saving Time adjustment
		Zone:		Sets the time zone
		Update from Cloud:		Sets the time automatically providing a hub is connected. If set to "ON" the time and date cannot be adjusted manually Note: From v3.033 firmware, this setting will automatically be turned on if the zoppl is paired with a hub
	Display & Sound	Language		Sets the Language for the main screen and menus
		Icons	Generation:	Generation icon can be set to sun or wind
			Monitoring:	If there is no generation on-site, then generation monitoring can be switched off and the icon will not be shown on the main screen.
		Backlight		Sets the duration that the display backlight remains on after a button press
		Contrast		Sets the display contrast
		Set Buzze	er	Switches the buzzer ON or OFF for button presses and mode changes
		RGB LED	TEST	Test function to customize LED on front cover
			Brightness	Sets the brightness of the LED
			Colours	Customize your own LED colours
	Lock Function	EV plugge	ed:	Lock is active only when EV is plugged in
		EV unplugged:		Lock is active only when EV is unplugged
		Timeout:		Length of time for the lock to reactivate after unlocking
		Lock Code:		The lock code can be changed here (Default is 44444)
		Auto Hide:		Hide the main screen when zappi is locked
		Charge:		Allows charge sessions without unlocking zappi with the pin code
		Test:		Test the lock solenoid when NO cable inserted
	Advanced			Advanced menu and settings (passcode protected) Default passcode: 0000

Advanced Menu

Advanced Menu Options	Description			
Supply Grid	Device	Phase: (single phase) Phase Rotation: (three phase)	Sets the supply phase to use for this device - see Advanced Setting. (page 22) for more information	
		Phase Return:	Sets the phase wired into the "Neutral" input terminal (Used where zappi is installed on a 230V "delta connected" supply – the Phase Return will normally be set to Neutral	
		Device Limit:	Sets the maximum available supply current to be drawn by the zoppi- see <i>Advanced Settings</i> page 22 for more information	
		Neutral Limit:	Sets the maximum neutral current for the installation. Needed in some countries with specific regulations (e.g. Germany)	
		Earthing:	Enable or disable the PE conductor checks. To be set according to the earthing arrangement in the installation (TN/TT or IT)	
	Network	Export Margin:	Minimum level of export power which is maintained when zappi is diverting surplus power – see Advanced Settings page 20 for more information	
		Grid Limit:	Maximum grid import power limit. When charging, the charge power is reduced to keep import below this level. This also applies when boosting – see <i>Advanced Settings</i> page <i>22</i> for more information	
		Battery:	Sets the mode for managing power when an AC battery system in present in the installation. See	
		Net Phases:	Battery Storage Systems (page 41) for more information. Allows surplus power from one phase to be used on a different phase when multiple phases are in use. – see Advanced Settings (page 22) for more information.	
	Note: The Network me	 enu options only a	ppear and can be configured on the MASTER device	
Linked Devices	Devices	Other myenergi devices can be wirelessly linked, this shows connected devices and their priorities. Settings for some devices are made here - see <i>Linking Devices</i> (page 27)		
	Pairing Mode	Puts this zappi in pairing mode so it can be linked to another device - see <i>Linking Devices</i> (page 27)		
	Channel	RF Channel:	Sets the radio frequency channel number used when linking othe devices - see <i>Linking Devices</i> (page 27)	
	Set Master	Sets the zoppi device to be master (✓ is shown) or slave - see <i>Linking Devices</i> (page 27)		
	Reset Settings	Clear all linked device settings - see <i>Linking Devices</i> (page <i>25</i>)		
CT Config	CTINT:	Internal CT, used to configure a group limit. See <i>Load Balancing / Current Limiting</i> (page 40 for details.		
	CT1: CT2: CT3:	Set the function of CT inputs - see <i>CT Config</i> (page 24) for more details.		
eSense Input	Disabled	eSense input is disabled		
	Boost	If the eSense input is live, zappi will boost the charge – see eSense (page 26)		
	Boost Timer Enable	zappi will boost the charge if eSense is live AND the boost timer is set to operate at that time - see eSense (page 26)		
	Load Limit	If the eSense input is live, zappi will limit the charge rate to the set amount. The default current limit is 7.2A but can be set as desired - see eSense eSense Input(page 26)		
	Stop	If the eSense input is (page 26)	s live, zappi will stop the charge regardless of its charge mode - see <i>eSense</i>	

Menus

Compatibility Mode	Active:	When set to "On" the zappi will adapt to EV's with poor power factor		
	Min PWM:	Controls the Pilot PWM minimum limit		
	Power Factor:	When Active is "On" the measured power factor must be better than this set value to enable lower charging current set by Min PWM		
	End Charge Delay:	Charge Complete status is delayed by this time to allow access to the vehicle without starting a new charge session		
	Infinite PWM:	Keeps zoppi ready to restart charge after charge is complete – this is needed on some EV's when the user wants to preheat the vehicle in the morning		
Menu Passcode	The code required to acc	cess the Advanced Menu		
System	Restore Settings	Erase Config	Restore the configuration to factory default	
		Erase Data	Clear all data from memory (charge logs, event logs & historic data)	
		Erase ALL Restore configuration to factory default and erase all data		
		Confirm Confirm restore options and re-boot device		
	Download Firmware	Download latest firmware from a hub		
	Bootloader	Enter Bootloader mode		

Configuration Settings

All settings are described in the *Main Menu* section; however, the more commonly altered settings are described in more detail below.

Time & Date

The date and time are used for the Boost Timer and the savings calculations and therefore should be set correctly. In the event of a power-cut, and providing you have a hub and have set the zoppi to "update from cloud", the zoppi will update the time and date automatically.

Even if a hub is not connected zoppi will keep track of the date / time for approx. 48 hours.

Time is always in 24-hour format, but the date format can be changed.

zoppi will automatically adjust the clock for Daylight Savings Time (DST) as long as Auto DST is enabled, and the correct time zone is selected.

The following Time and Date settings are recommended:

- Timezone set to correct timezone
- Auto DST On
- Update from Cloud On

Display & Sound

The Generation Icon on the zoppi display can be changed to match your local system.

Select between "Sun" (PV) and "Wind" on the Icons... submenu to change the icon

If do not have any local generation then the icon can be turned off by changing the Monitoring... setting

RGB LED

zappi has a coloured LED light on the front which changes colour and flashes to provide a visible indication of the charge state. The brightness of the LED and the colours can be adjusted from the RGB LED menu.

Grid Limit

When the Grid Limit is set, zappi will automatically reduce the power going to the EV if it detects that too much power is being drawn from the grid.

G100

"G100" is a UK standard which some distribution companies use when setting the requirements for the Grid Limit (or "load curtailment") in EV charging equipment.

When the G100 Protection setting is turned on (default) zappi will detect if the grid CT has become disconnected and will limit the output from the zappi to prevent the grid supply being overloaded.

This setting applies to wired CT's and is found on the Advanced - CT Config menu

Advanced Settings

The Advanced Settings menu is passcode protected.

The default passcode is 0 0 0 0 although it can be changed with the Passcode menu option.

Supply Grid - Device Settings

Phase/Phase Rotation

Single Phase zoppi	The Phase setting is only used when installing a single phase zappi onto a 3-phase supply.
	It should be set to match the phase number that the zappi is wired to so that the power measurements are correct and that the zappi responds to the correct phase when using the harvi wireless sensor.
Three Phase zappi	The Phase Rotation setting is only used on three phase units and should correspond to the wiring to the input terminals. Only the following specific options are available:
	• 1/2/3 (Phase 1 wired into "L1", Phase 2 wired into "L2", Phase 3 wired into "L3")
	• 2/3/1 (Phase 2 wired into "L1", Phase 3 wired into "L2", Phase 1 wired into "L3")
	• 3/1/2 (Phase 3 wired into "L1", Phase 1 wired into "L2", Phase 2 wired into "L3")

See Three-Phase Systems(page 40) and Net Phases (page 24) for more information.

Phase Return

Single Phase zoppi only

When a single phase zappi is installed on a 230V delta connected supply, it is necessary to tell zappi which phase has been connected to the neutral terminal.

Note: In most installations the Phase Return setting should be left as "N" for Neutral

Device Limit

Sets the maximum current that the zappi will draw (including when boosting and FAST mode). This is useful if the supply current is limited, for instance, if zappi is connected on a 16A circuit instead of a 32A.

Neutral Limit

In some countries the electricity distribution company limit the maximum current that can flow in the neutral conductor on a three phase supply (for example, the neutral current is limited to 20A in Germany). Use this setting if a neutral current limit is specified for your installation.

Earthing

Before starting a charge, zoppi carries out a check to make sure that the protective earth conductor is still connected. This check only works in a TN or TT connected electricity supply. If you are on an IT supply or find that the protective earth check is too sensitive then change this setting to "IT".

Supply Grid - Network Settings

Grid Limit/Load Curtailment

Sets the limit that can be drawn from the grid connection (i.e. the maximum import current or the main fuse rating).

Example: A property may have a grid supply limit of 65A. Several appliances are on so the property is consuming 12kW (52A). The user wants to charge in FAST mode. Without the Grid Limit set, the total consumption would exceed the allowed import current and trip the supply or blow a fuse. However, with a Grid Limit setting of 60A, zappi would temporarily limit the charging current to 8A (about 1.8kW) and the maximum allowed import current would not be exceeded.

Note: when using a harvi to measure the grid supply, the highest value for the Grid Limit setting is 65 Amps. The maximum current limit when using a hardwired CT is 100A

Battery

If the property has a static AC battery system installed, it is possible to get the zappi to work in harmony with the battery system, provided a CT has been installed to monitor the battery inverter. See

Battery Storage Systems (page 41) for more information about battery storage systems.

The table below details the different settings for working with an AC coupled battery storage system:

Setting	Function Description
None	There is no battery system installed.
Avoid Drain	Stops the zappi (or other linked myenergi devices) draining the battery when using surplus power from the solar or wind generation.
Avoid Charge	Effectively allows the zappi (or other linked myenergi devices) to take priority over the battery when charging from solar or wind generation.
Avoid Both	Provides both of the above functions. This setting will normally provide the best compatibility
Limit to Gen	Will limit the output of the zappi (except when boosting), to prevent unwanted draining of an AC coupled battery system. This setting does not require a CT to monitor the battery but does need a CT to monitor the solar/wind generation.
	Note : This setting is to support legacy installations – it is preferable to install a CT to monitor the battery and use one of the settings below.

Net Phases

When enabled, all readings from 3-phase myenergi devices configured as 3-phase, will be netted. This means that surplus generation on ANY phase will be considered available for consumption on ANY other phase.

See Three-Phase Systems (page 40) for more details about myenergi devices on 3-phase supplies.

Note: With a three phase zoppi, Net Phases should normally be turned on

Export Margin

This sets a minimum level of export power which is maintained when zappi is charging in ECO or ECO+ modes.

Export Margin would normally be set to 0W (zero Watts) so that all available surplus will be used to charge the vehicle. In some cases, it may be desirable to always set a minimum export level set. An instance of this would be when using zappi with a hybrid PV/battery system.

CT Config

zappi measures current by using a number of Current Transformers (CTs). It is important that these are set up correctly so zappi knows the different power flows and can control the EV charge rate.

The 3 CT inputs should be configured to match the connected CT sensors. There are further settings for the internal CT which measures the current being drawn by the EV.

Note: If you have CTs connected to a horvi then these CTs also need to be set up correctly. For a horvi, the CT settings are found through the Linked Devices menu rather than the CT Config menu.

Important: There must be only one Grid CT set (per phase) for the whole installation.

Note: CT3 is only available on single phase units with V3.XXX firmware.

СТ	Function Description
CTINT	This is the internal CT which measures the output (charging) current of the zoppi
CT1	CT1 Input
CT2	CT2 Input

СТЗ	CT3 Input (V3.XXX firmware only)

CT Types

CT Type	Function Description	
None	No CT connected.	
Grid	Grid CT monitors the import and export power of the property. This is the CT used to determine if surplus power is available.	
	There must only be one Grid CT set for each phase	
Generation Only	Monitors Solar PV or Wind generation	
Storage Only	Monitors a device that can 'store' energy (e.g. a third-party energy diverter) and enables the zoppi to take priority over it. The power used by the third-party device is considered as surplus power unless the device is intentionally using grid power (i.e. it is boosting).	
	The CT should be installed on the "live" supply cable feeding the diverter, with the arrow pointing away from it (i.e. towards the consumer unit / fuse board)	
Gen & Battery	Monitors Solar PV or Wind generation that is combined with a DC-coupled battery	
Monitor	Monitors any load, for example a washing machine or a lighting circuit. This setting can also be used to limit current drawn by myenergi devices on a particular circuit which includes other loads.	
	See Load Balancing / Current Limiting (page 40) for more details.	
AC Battery	Used to monitor an AC-coupled battery.	
	With this setting it is possible to manage the distribution of surplus energy between the battery and the zappi (and other myenergi devices).	
	The Battery setting in the Supply Grid menu is used to configure how the zappi will operate alongside the battery system. See	
	Battery Storage Systems (page 41) for more information. The CT should be installed on the "live" supply cable of the battery inverter/charger, with the arrow pointing away from it (i.e. towards the consumer unit / fuse board).	

G100 Protection

When using a wired CT for the Grid current reading, zappi can also monitor the CT to make sure that it is still connected. This is important when using the Grid Limit (or "Load Curtailment") function in the zappi and is a required by some distribution companies.

"G100" is a UK requirement which describes the technical requirements for export limiting schemes². It does not apply directly to "import limitation" or "load curtailment" schemes but the general requirements are referred to by UK Distribution Network Operators in this context.

Normally the G100 setting should be turned ON for wired Grid CTs

² https://www.energynetworks.org/assets/images/Resource%20library/ENA_EREC_G100_Issue_1_Amendment_2_(2018).pdf

CT Groups

CTs can be put in groups so that their readings are netted (combined). For example, you might want to monitor two solar PV systems and see the total generation on the display. Use Group in the CT Config menu to set which group the CT should be in.

Note: Different CT Types cannot be in the same group, the group names make this clear.

Only the first 4 groups can be used for current limiting, see *Group Limits* below.

Group Limits

Current limits can be set for certain CT Groups. When a Group Limit is set the myenergi devices in the group will limit the power they draw to keep within the set limit.

Group limits should be set only on the master device. See *Linking Devices* (page 27) for details about master devices.

It is possible to use more than one group limit type (e.g. IL1 with MN1, so that there are two conditions for limiting). Some examples of how to set up the group limits are described in the table below.

Group Limit Example	Additional CT Installed	CT Config (all devices)
Limit current drawn by two	None; only the internal CTs are used.	CTINT
zappi devices that are on the same 32A supply.		Type: Internal
Same 32A supply.		Group: IL1
		Group Limit: 32A
Limit current drawn by a zappi		СТ2
device that is fed from a 32A		Type: Monitor ³
supply which is also feeding another appliance (e.g. a tumble		Group: MN1
dryer).		Group Limit: 32A
Limit current drawn by two	supply to the garage and wired to CT2 of one of the zoppi units.	СТ2
zoppi devices that are in a garage which is fed from a 40A		Type: Monitor
supply. A washing machine and		Group: MN1
dryer are also in the garage.	Note: The other zappi does not need to have a CT connected, but it will still need to have a CT input configured to be in the same Monitor group.	Group Limit: 40A

eSense

The eSense input can be configured to automatically activate a Boost during ECO or ECO+ charging, whenever economy tariff electricity is available. The eSense input must be wired to a circuit which is live during the economy tariff times for this to function. See eSense Input page 34 for wiring details.

eSense Setting	Description
Disabled	eSense input is ignored
Boost	If the eSense input is live, zappi will boost the charge
Boost Timer Enable	zoppi will boost the charge if eSense is live AND the boost timer is set to operate at that time. See <i>Economy Tariff Boosting</i> (page 14)

³ Note the "Monitor" group is not currently supported by the harvi

Load Limit	If the eSense input is live, zappi will limit the charge rate. The default limit is set to 7.2A but can be altered
Stop	If the eSense input is live, zappi will not charge, regardless of set charge mode or a boost

Linking Devices

Up to six myenergi devices can be wirelessly linked together. By linking devices, you can use more of your own energy or have more control and visibility. Devices available now are:

eddi A microgeneration energy diverter that uses surplus power to heat water or rooms rather than exporting to the grid.

zαρρί An eco-smart electric vehicle charge point that can use surplus power to charge the car.

harvi A self-powered wireless sensor that can be used along with myenergi load controlling devices such as eddi and zappi. It is able to detect grid import/export conditions as well as generation power and send this information wirelessly to devices such as the eddi or zappi. Using a harvi can greatly simplify installation.

hub The device that provides the link between your myenergi devices and the internet, allowing remote monitoring and control via the mobile App.

Moster & Slave Devices

When two or more myenergi devices are wirelessly linked, one device will act as the *master* device. This device will control the other *slave* devices. Some settings can only be changed on the master device, e.g. **Grid Limit** and **Net Phases**.

Use the Set Master function in the Advanced Settings/Linked Devices menu to set which device should be master. It's a good idea to choose the device that is the most convenient to access should you wish to change settings.

- Note that horvi and hub will only pair with the device which is set as the master
- It is recommended that, where the Grid CT is directly connected to the zoppi, that this device is chosen as the master. This ensures the fastest response to the grid power measurement

Pairing Devices

Devices are 'paired' by selecting **Pairing Mode** on each device (one device must be set to master).

- 1. On the *slave* unit, select Pairing Mode from the Advanced Settings/Linked Devices menu or by pressing the pair button if the device is a horvi or hub.
- 2. Now select Pairing Mode on the *master* device.
- 3. You will now see the SEARCHING FOR SLAVES screen and zappi will be searching for other devices which are on the same channel and are in Pairing Mode. Any devices found are listed along with their unique serial numbers.
- 4. Select the device you want to add by highlighting the appropriate device using the ♠ and ♥ buttons and then pressing ⊕. The device will then be added and the screen will return to the previous menu.
- 5. The DEVICES screen will then show, listing all the devices in the network. The recently added device will be able to be configured after the UPDATING message disappears.

Channels

On rare occasions it is possible that there are other appliances operating on the same frequency which could cause interference. If it is not possible to link devices or the connection seems poor, changing the RF Channel may help.

The channel can be changed on devices without having to re-pair them, just makes sure they are all set to the same channel.

Removing Devices

A device can be removed by selecting it from the Advanced Settings/Linked Devices/Device menu and then selecting Remove Device. If you want to remove all devices then use the Advanced Settings/Linked Devices/Reset Settings menu option.

Device Settings

Most device types have settings which can only be changed via the Linked Devices menu. For example, eddi and zappi have a setting for priority and harvi has settings to configure its CT inputs (see *Device Priorities* page 28).

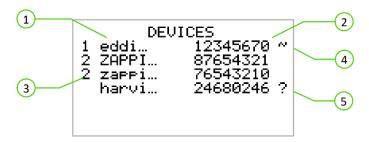
The device settings are accessed through the Linked Devices menu; select Devices then select the appropriate device and press • to bring up the device settings screen. Refer to the relevant device instruction document for more information regarding the actual device settings.

Note: After a device has been paired you will have to wait a few seconds for the device to update before the settings can be accessed. The screen will show **DEVICES UPDATING** when this is happening.

Device Priorities

Each myenergi device that controls a load can be given a priority. The highest priority device will be allocated surplus generation power first. Devices can also be set up to share surplus power equally.

The priority of each load controlling linked device, can be set from any device with a display. The example below shows one eddi device, two zappi devices and one harvi on the same 'network'.

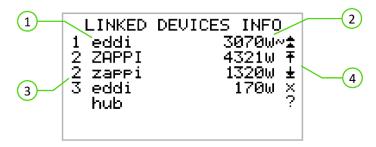


- 1. All linked devices are listed in the DEVICES screen, the device shown in CAPITAL letters is the device currently being viewed.
- 2. The serial number of each device is shown on the right
- 3. The priority is shown on the left of each load controlling device with 1 being the highest priority.

 If two or more devices have equal priority, the available surplus (for that priority level) is shared between them.
- 4. The ~ symbol indicates which device has the grid CT attached/configured to it. There should only be one in the system.
- 5. If the ? symbol is shown alongside a device, it indicates that communication has been lost from the device (the device cannot be 'heard').

Linked Devices Information

The current status of all linked devices can be viewed together in the LINKED DEVICES INFO screen which can be found from the Main Menu.



- 1. All linked devices are shown on the left. The current device is shown in CAPITAL letters.
- 2. The right side shows each device's real-time output power level.
- 3. The priority setting for each device is shown on the far left.
- 4. The far-right side of the screen shows the status of each device. The symbols used are explained below:
 - Grid CT the device has a Grid CT configured (there should only be one)
 - Master the device is the controlling device in the network
 - Boost the device is currently boosting
 - * Max the device is at maximum output power
 - ₩ Min the device is at minimum controllable output power
 - No Load the device is not able to use surplus power as there is no load
 - ? Communication problem there is no response from the device

Wireless Connection

Myenergi devices uses an 868MHz / 915Mhz wireless link to communicate with each other. Although this is usually more effective at passing through walls than a standard WiFi signal, radio communication can be affected by many factors such as:

- the distance between the devices
- the thickness of any walls that the signal has to pass through
- wall construction and insulation materials
- large metal objects such as washing machines, fridges, sinks and baths

- mirrors
- electronic products such as televisions
- other wireless devices operating on the same radio frequency

Please consider the position of your myenergi devices carefully to ensure that they operate as planned.

Although the devices work in the majority of installations and our technical support team are available to provide help in setting up your system, we cannot guarantee the performance where circumstances beyond our control affect the performance of the wireless link.

If you have any concerns about the wireless performance then we would be pleased to answer your questions, but please consider that if a WiFi signal works OK then there is a very high probability that the myenergi devices will also work without any issues.

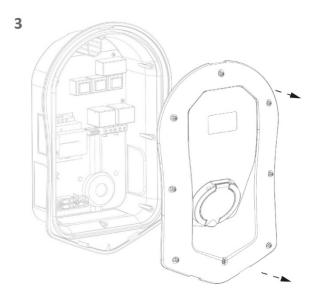
Installation

- When installing and wiring the zoppi, care should be taken to maintain the IP rating of the unit.
- Ensure that the grommets and bungs provided are fitted, the O-ring behind the cover is seated correctly and that the incoming power and CT cables are fitted using an appropriate size and type of gland.

1

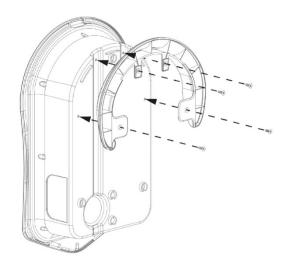


Carefully remove fascia from the **zappi** by pressing the 2 clips located at the bottom of unit inwards whilst pulling the fascia towards you.



Remove all 8 screws from the enclosure and carefully lift away.

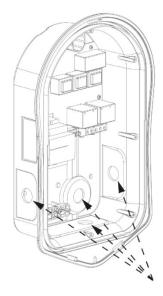
2



If installing a tethered zoppi, you must ensure the cable wall guard is fixed to the unit using the 4 screws supplied.

If installing an untethered zappi go to next step.

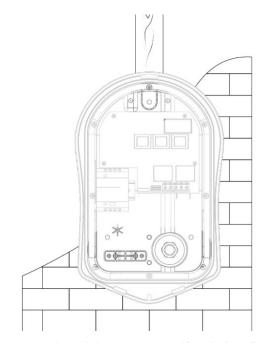
4



There are 4 possible cable entry positions, carefully decide which one you are going to use from the above image.

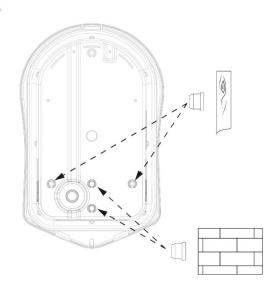
You will need an IP65 or above rated cable gland.

Carefully drill a hole into the unit to match the size of your cable gland. Attach cable gland ensuring IP rating is met. 5



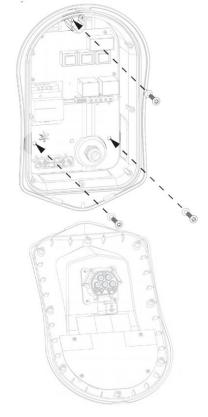
Using **zappi** template mark mounting holes. For fixing to brick, use the top and 2 bottom holes (left/right). Use the 2 vertical holes as well as the top hole if mounting to a stud wall or joist.

6



To maintain the IP rating of the unit you will need to add bungs (provided) to the unused holes.

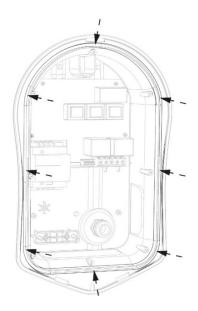
7



Secure the unit to the wall using the fixing kit provided. Ensure the grommets are used to maintain its IP integrity.

Note: if using the rear cable entry, remember to insert the mains cable before mounting to the wall!

8



Ensure O-ring is present and sits neatly into its channel.

Electrical Installation

Warnings

- WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal; electrical connection work may only be carried out by a competent person
- The earth conductor must be correctly installed and reliably connected
- This device must be equipped with an over-current protection device of maximum 32 Amps (B32)

Supply

The single phase zoppi should be connected to a 230V/240V nominal AC supply. The supply should run from a dedicated 32A circuit breaker.

The 3 phase zoppi should be connected to a 400V, 4 wire, 3 phase supply. The supply should run from a dedicated 3 pole 32A circuit breaker.

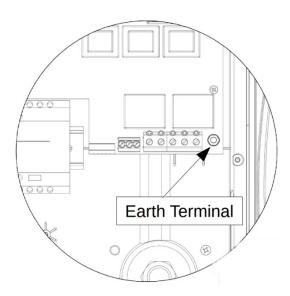
We recommend the use of curve B circuit breakers.

zoppi includes built in 6mA DC residual current protection (RDC-DD in accordance with EN 62955). An additional upstream Type A RCD or RCBO is required.

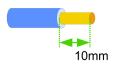
Earthing

The zappi unit must be earthed in accordance with local regulations.

If the customer or local regulations require that an earth rod is installed (for instance as part of a TT earthed system) then this should be connected to the dedicated terminal on the main circuit board using a ring terminal (as shown below).



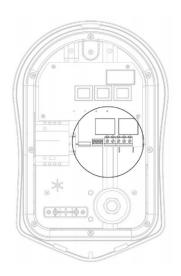
Wiring



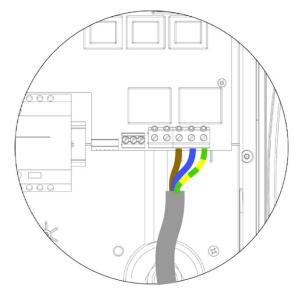
Insert mains cable through the installed cable gland (if not already done so). Strip back outer sheath ensuring all cables reach the terminal blocks (leaving a little excess). Strip back all coloured cables approx 10mm.

If using hard wired CT clamps now is the time to insert these too (we recommend a specialist cable gland that can accommodate multiple cables whilst still maintaining IP integrity).

 Do not overtighten the electrical terminals. The recommended torque setting for the electrical terminals is 1.2Nm



Single Phase Wiring



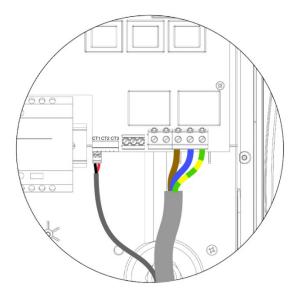
For single-phase installations, without the need for hardwiring an external CT, please follow the above diagram



Neutral = Blue cable

Live (L1) = Brown cable

The recommended torque setting for the electrical terminals is *1.2Nm*



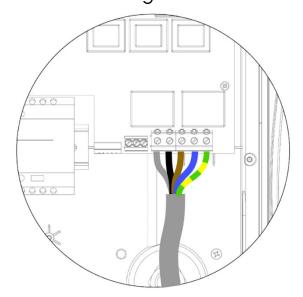
For single phase installations, where 1 or more external/additional CTs are required, please follow the above diagram to connect the CTs. Use the extra CT terminals in the same way if required.

Positive (+) = Red

Negative (-) = Black

For more details on CT installation and connection see *CT Sensor Installation* (page 36)

Three Phase Wiring



For 3 phase installations, without the need for hardwiring an external CT, please use the above diagram.

Earth = Green / Yellow cable

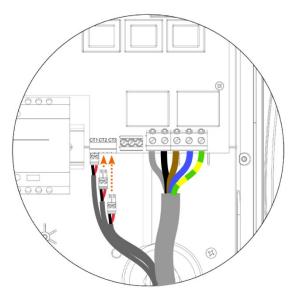
Neutral = Blue cable

Live (L1) = Brown

Live (L2) = Black

Live (L3) = Grey

The recommended torque setting for the electrical terminals is 1.2Nm



For 3 phase installations, with the need for 1 or more external/additional CTs, please use the above diagram.

Positive (+) = Red

Negative (-) = Black

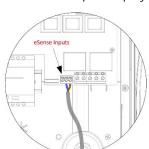
For more details on CT installation and connection see *CT Sensor Installation* (Page 36)

eSense Input

zoppi has an input which can be used to sense the availability of economy tariff electricity, this can be used to automatically boost the charge when in ECO or ECO+ charging modes. The eSense input can also be used to limit or stop the zoppi output on an external signal.

The eSENSE input is electrically isolated and effectively draws no current so the cable size is not important. An AC voltage (between 100V and 260V) across the L and N terminals of the eSENSE input will cause the economy tariff symbol to be shown on the main screen. The eSENSE Earth terminal is not required to be connected if you do not want to use this feature or do not have an economy tariff.

See eSense Input on page 34 for details of how to configure the eSENSE input.

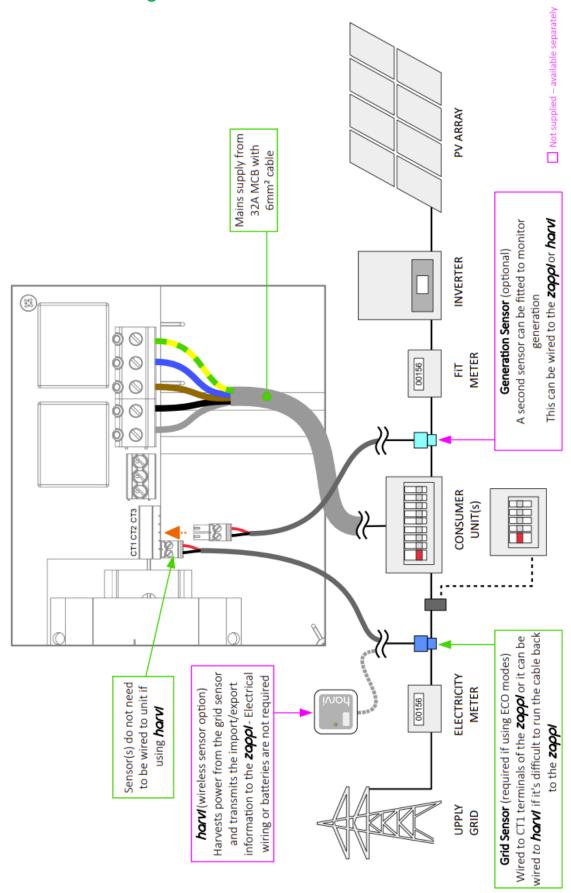


Connect the eSense cables using the diagram

Neutral = Blue cable Live (L1) = Brown cable

There is no need to earth the eSense cable although an earth terminal is available in the zoppi if the cable used has an earth wire.

Wiring Overview Diagram



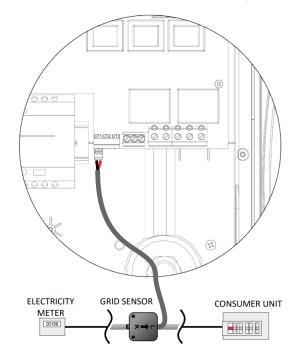
CT Sensor Installation

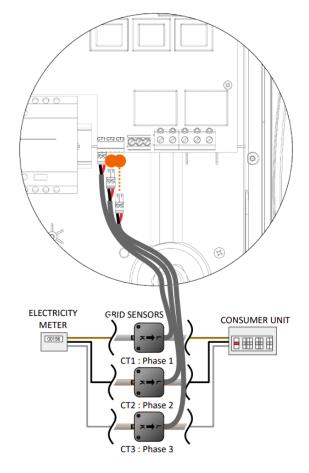
Current Transformers (CTs) are used to measure current at various places of the installation. For example, the Grid connection point, the solar/wind inverter, or a static battery system.

Installation of a CT to monitor the Grid connection point is required for ECO modes. Other CTs are optional and can be purchased separately. The number and location of CTs used within an installation will vary according to the devices installed and the user requirements.

CTs can be wired to any myenergi device with CT inputs (e.g. eddi, zappi or harvi). This allows for flexible installation as a CT can be wired to the nearest device. Ideally the grid CTs should be wired to the *master* device.

Note: The harvi device can be used (wirelessly) if it is not practical to connect any CT to the eddi or zappi.





SINGLE PHASE: A CT clamp must be placed around the live meter tail as shown above with the arrow pointing towards the consumer unit

3-PHASE: A CT clamp must be placed around each phase with the arrow pointing towards the consumer unit

(**Note**: The clamp can be placed on the neutral tail, however the direction of the arrow shown above will need to be in reversed)

(**Note**: A CT cannot be clipped on to the neutral in a 3 phase systems)

Once installed the CTs need to be configured. See CT Config (page 24) for details of how to configure the CTs.

If using a **single-phase** system, the wired CT sensor (**supplied**) ideally needs to be clipped around the live conductor leaving the meter tail with the arrow (located on the side of the CT) pointing towards the consumer unit. It is possible to use the Neutral conductor, however you will need to reverse the direction of the sensor (arrow towards the meter).

If using a **3-phase system**, a CT sensor (**supplied**) needs to be clipped around each live tail.

The positioning of the Grid CT sensor is crucial, please take note of the following when deciding where best to install the sensor:

- ✓ The sensor can be connected to any myenergi device with a CT input e.g. the eddi, zappi (wired sensor) or harvi (wireless sensor)
- ✓ ALL the import and exported power must be 'seen' by the sensor. Ensure that it is installed before ANY junction box or 'Henley Block' (if necessary, the CT can be fitted inside the consumer unit)
- ✓ There must be only one Grid CT per-phase for the whole installation. (There can be other CTs but only one at the grid connection point. Also note that CTs for third-party devices do not matter)
- ✓ The CTs can be clipped on either the Live or Neutral cable on single-phase systems

 Note: On 3 phase system you can only use the Live tails
- ✓ The arrow on the bottom of the CT sensor must be pointing towards the consumer unit (in the direction of grid import) if on the Live cable or reversed if on the Neutral cable (single phase only)
- ✓ Ensure the CT is fully closed and clicks shut
- ✓ Be sure to wire the CT the correct way round: **black** [-], red [+]. Failure to do so will see the import and export readings swapped

Additional CTs

There is an option to add other CT sensors (available separately) for monitoring the generation or other appliances such as battery systems or general loads. Installing a CT for the generator (PV system or wind) will allow the main screen to show the generated power and the total power consumption of all the other appliances in the property.

CTs can also be used to limit the power drawn from the supply. See Load Balancing / Current Limiting (page 40).

- ✓ Additional CTs can be connected to any myenergi device with a CT input that is linked to the network (see *Linking Devices* on page 27).
- ✓ The arrow on the bottom of the sensor must be pointing in the direction of normal power flow (e.g. away from the PV inverter) if on the Live cable or reversed if on the Neutral cable.
- ✓ Ensure the sensor is fully closed and clicks shut.
- ✓ Be sure to wire the CT the correct way round: black [-], red [+].

Extending the Sensor Cable

If there is a need to extend the CT cable, <u>twisted-pair cable like CAT5 must be used</u>. DO NOT use mains cable, bell wire or speaker cable.

It is important to use only twisted-pair cable to maintain signal integrity. Up to four CT cables can be extended using the separate twisted pairs in a CAT5 Ethernet cable. The cable can be extended up to 100m.

- Remember to a separated twisted pair for each CT
- When joining CT wires make sure that the ends of the wires are twisted tightly together and joined using crimps, screw terminals or solder.
- Avoid using lever clamp type terminals as these do not provide a reliable connection at very low currents.

Wireless CT Sensor (optional accessory)

In some cases, it can be difficult or impractical to install a wired sensor. For example, it may be the case that the zappi unit needs to be connected to a sub-board, rather than main consumer unit and two consumer units are in different buildings.

The solution to is to install harvi – a clever device that enables the zappi and eddi products to be installed without using wired CT sensors; instead, the CT sensor is connected to harvi.

The harvi does not need batteries or a power supply – the energy from the sensor is harvested and used to transmit the measured signal to the zappi or eddi. This means batteries or electrical wiring are eliminated!

Up to 3 CT sensors may be used with horvi and it also supports 3-phase systems if three sensors are connected.



Refer to the harvi installation guide for details on installing and configuring harvi for your system.

CT Golden Rules

Grid CT

- Only **ONE** Grid CT per phase (check for only one ~ symbol in **Linked Devices Info**).
- Positioned to 'see' ALL import and ALL export current (i.e. always upstream of any junction box).
- Must be on the same phase as the *master* myenergi device.

All CTs

• Arrow should point towards the consumer unit.

3-Phase harvi CTs

- When using harvi in 3-phase mode, the CT inputs correspond to the phase number (e.g. CT1 = Phase 1).
- All harvi devices used in a 3-phase property must be set to 3-phase mode

CT can dos

- ✓ Can be wired to ANY myenergi device in the network.
- ✓ horvi can be used to make ANY CT wireless⁴.
- ✓ The CT cable can be extended up to 100m (must use twisted-pair cable e.g. one pair of CAT5). The CT cable can also be shortened.
- ✓ Can be clipped around two or more conductors feeding appliances of the same type (e.g. two Live cables from two inverters that are on the same phase).
- ✓ Can be in close proximity to other CTs.
- ✓ Wires can be swapped in the device to reverse the direction of the readings (e.g. change import to export).
- ✓ Can be grouped with other CTs of the same type so that the power reading is summed (e.g. east and west solar Generation).
- ✓ Can be used on the Neutral conductor in a single-phase installation (direction of arrow or wires must be reversed).
- \checkmark Can be set to none in the zappi menu if you want to exclude the reading.

⁴ Although CT's connected to a horvi cannot be used with Monitor Group option

Fitting the Cover

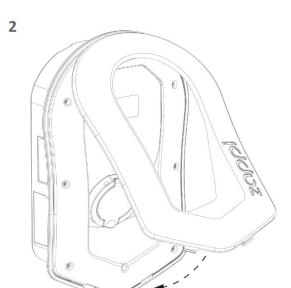
1



Offer cover to the enclosure, ensuring all cables are neatly secured inside the unit.

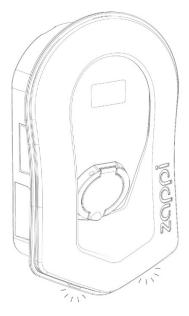
 Take particular care that the ribbon cable is not trapped between the cover and the case

Ensure O-ring (seal) is firmly placed into the channel and secure the cover to the unit using the 8 screws that were removed earlier (Torque setting = 1.2Nm).



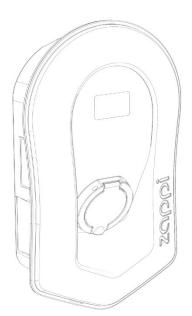
Add fascia to the enclosure cover of the zoppi as shown.

3



Ensure the 2 tabs at the bottom of the fascia click to indicate its securely fixed in place.

4



zappi is now ready for operation.

Advanced Installation Options

Load Balancing / Current Limiting / Load Curtailment

CTs can also be used to limit the current drawn by myenergi devices to avoid overloading circuits; this is referred to as load balancing or load curtailment. There are four different ways to limit current and they can be used alone or combined for more complex situations. See the table below:

Function	Operation	Example
Device Limit	Sets a maximum current that can be drawn by the device (e.g. zappi). The current will not be exceeded even during Boost or Fast charge.	A zappi is wired to a 20A supply (rather than 32A). The maximum current drawn will not exceed the set limit (e.g. 20A)
Grid Limit	Sets the limit that can be drawn from the grid connection (i.e. the maximum import current). The zappi and any other linked myenergi device, will limit the current they draw if there is a danger of exceeding the set Grid Limit.	A property may have a grid supply limit of 65A. Several appliances are on, so the property is consuming 12kW (52A). The user wants to charge in FAST mode. Without the Grid Limit set, the total consumption would exceed the allowed import current and trip the supply or blow a fuse. However, with a Grid Limit setting of 60A, zappi would temporarily limit the charging current to 8A (about 1.8kW) and the maximum allowed import current would not be exceeded.
Group Limit (internal CT)	Sets the combined current limit for several myenergi devices.	A property has a large PV array, a swimming pool and two zappis. The supply to the zappis is only rated at 40A so to be safe a Group Limit of 40A is set.
Group Limit (with external CT)	Sets the combined current limit for several myenergi devices that are sharing a supply with another large appliance.	A zoppi is installed in a garage which also has a washer and a dryer (2.5kW each). The garage has a supply of 32A coming from the main consumer unit in the house. If all appliances were on together and no limit had been set the total current would exceed the maximum supply current. By setting the Group Limit to 32A an overload will be avoided.

Three-Phase Systems

If the installation has a three-phase supply, you can use the 3 CT connectors either directly connected to the zappi (hard wired) or a harvi device (wireless – optional). We recommend you use one CT per phase; this will allow the zappi to show the total grid import and export figures rather than just one of the phases.

If all three phases are monitored then it is also possible to net the export power across phases, to do this, enable **Net Phases** in the **Supply Grid** menu see *Supply Grid* - *Net Phases* (page 24). This allows the zappi to use surplus power from any phase and not just the phase which the zappi is installed on. However, you must be sure that the electricity is metered in such a way as to allow this.

For a three phase zoppi, Net Phases should be turned on.

Battery Storage Systems

AC Coupled

Where there is an AC coupled battery storage system, there can be a conflict as both the storage system and the zappi are competing to consume the surplus energy. Whilst this is not necessarily an issue, the results can be somewhat unpredictable.

There is the option to add an additional CT sensor to monitor the battery storage. This will give control as to which device has priority. The additional CT sensor should be wired to one of the CT terminals in the zappi or harvi device (if wireless measurement is required). This CT should be clipped around the live cable of the battery inverter with the arrow on the CT pointing away from the battery and towards the consumer unit/fuse board.

During the setup process it will be necessary to change the setting for the appropriate CT to AC Battery; refer to CT Config (page 24). Also refer to Supply Grid - Network Settings - Battery (page 23) for information on setting the 'priority' of battery systems.

DC Coupled / Hybrid

Battery systems that charge directly from the solar array and cannot charge from AC are usually referred to as being DC coupled or Hybrid. This type of battery system uses the solar PV inverter to provide power from the batteries, thus it is not possible to differentiate between solar and battery power when using a CT to measure the AC current from the inverter.

Because of this limitation, there are less options for managing the surplus power with this type of battery system. It is usually possible to give priority to the battery by setting an Export Margin in the ZOPPI. A setting of 50W or 100W is recommended. The Export Margin setting is found in the Advanced Settings/Supply Grid menu (See Export Margin on page 24).

Third-Party Diverters

Some properties have a third-party energy diverter installed and you may want the zappi to take priority (when consuming surplus power) over the diverter. This is possible by installing an extra CT to monitor the diverter. The CT should be clipped around the Live cable of the supply feeding the diverter. The arrow on the CT should be pointing away from the diverter (towards the consumer unit). Wire the CT to the nearest myenergi device or use a harvi if a wireless connection is needed.

Configure the CT Type as Storage Only. See CT Config (page 24) for details of how to configure CTs.

Voltage Optimisers

If there is a voltage optimiser (VO) installed in the property, the CT sensor and the zappi must both be on the same side of the VO; either the incoming grid supply or the optimised supply.

Built-in Protection

Loss of Protective Earth

zappi can measure the continuity of the protective earth conductor (the earth wire) on the supply cable. If the earth is disconnected or has a high impedance, then zappi will trip and the display will show PE not connected!

To reset the zappi, make sure that the fault has been removed and then press the \equiv button for three seconds.

Welded Contact

zappi includes protection to make sure that the supply to an EV is disconnected if there is a problem with the circuit breaker. This includes a situation where the contacts on the breaker are welded together. This is a specific requirement of the Renault "Z.E. Ready" and ASEFA "EV Ready" standards (e.g. requirement for Nissan).

If zappi detects a problem with a welded contact, then the display will show RLY WELDED!

If this happens and the fault cannot be reset by pressing the button for three seconds, then please contact myenergi technical support at support@myenergi.com.

Over-current

If there is a problem with the equipment on the EV which charges the vehicle's battery, too much current may be drawn from the supply. If this happens, zappi cannot control the charge rate as expected and it could lead to problems with overheating or tripping the main circuit breaker to the zappi.

zappi provides additional protection in accordance with the EV Ready standard by opening its built-in contactor and isolating the EV if it detects that the vehicle is drawing more than 125% of the maximum current communicated to it by the zappi.

If zoppi detects an over-current, then the display will show Over Current!

To reset the zappi, make sure that the fault has been removed and then press the \equiv button for three seconds

Over and Under-voltage

zappi will also isolate the supply to the EV if it detects a problem with the electricity supply voltage. The nominal supply voltage is 230V but zappi will trip the output if the measured voltage is more than 12% above or below this level for five seconds.

The zoppi display will show Over Voltage! or Under Voltage!

To reset the zappi, unplug the EV and then press the 🗐 button for three seconds

Thermal Limit

zappi also includes protection against overheating. If zappi gets too warm it will attempt to reduce the current being drawn by reducing the EV charge rate. If this happens you will see the Θ icon on the main display.

If the problem continues and the zappi's internal temperature continues to rise, then it will trip the output to the EV, and the display will show **Overheating**!

zαρρί will resume normal operation once the temperature drops.

Setup

Switching On

After completing and checking the wiring of the supply and the current transformers (CTs), switch on the zappi via the circuit breaker. zappi will start-up and the main screen will be presented after a few seconds.

If zappi has been installed alongside another zappi unit or another myenergi device, refer to *Linking Devices* (page 27) for guidance on pairing devices. Also refer to the instruction documentation for the other devices.

Testing

Before leaving site, it is important that a few checks are carried out, ensuring the sensors have been correctly installed and are functional.

- Check that the time and date are correct and are displayed on the bottom left of the main screen. If they
 are not present or are incorrect, set the correct time and date in the Other Settings/Time & Date
 menu option.
- 2. Check that the EV will charge in FAST mode.
- 3. Check the Grid Power reading at the top right of the main screen is showing sensible readings and the direction of power flow is as expected.
- 4. With the EV plugged in, switch to ECO mode and check that the charge power is at minimum (about 1.4kW) OR that it is 'tracking' the surplus power (i.e. the Grid Power reading is 0.0kW)
- 5. If a Generation CT has been installed, check that the generated power is shown in the top left of the main screen. If the generation reading is missing, the most likely cause is the associated CT input is not enabled see *CT Config* on page 24.
 - If a (!) symbol is displayed in the top left-hand corner then the generation CT needs to be reversed.
 - If the Grid Sensor is wired to a horvi ensure the device settings are set correctly see *Device Settings* on page 28.

Remember - only one CT (or three phase set of CT's) can be set to Grid

Troubleshooting

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Display is blank	- There is no power to the unit	- Check for correct supply voltage at the supply screw terminals (220 - 260V AC)
In ECO+ mode, the charge does not start, the display is always showing Waiting for Surplus and the export power is OW	 Grid Sensor incorrectly installed Faulty Grid Sensor No signal from horvi (if used) 	 Check the grid sensor is connected to a CT terminal in the zαρρί or any CT input in the harvi Check the Grid CT sensor is installed on the correct cable (see CT Sensor Installation on page 36) Check resistance of the sensor - it should be around 200Ω when not connected (remove the sensor from the cable before testing resistance) If using harvi, check that the CT input has been set to Grid in the harvi settings (under Linked Devices / Devices in the zappi Advanced Settings menu)
In ECO+ mode, the charge does not start, the display is always showing Waiting for Surplus , yet the export power is showing correctly	- Export Margin settoo high	- Check Export Margin setting (default is OW)
Generation power is always OkW	- Generation CT not installed	 Install generation sensor and connect to one of the CT inputs Alternatively, if there is no Generation CT, the Generation and House consumption figures can be hidden on the main screen by changing the Icons setting in the Settings / Display & Sound menu
<pre>Installation Limit ! displayed</pre>	- The measured Grid Current is greater than	 Check the Grid Limit setting Reduce the load in the property
Display will show the phase(s) that is(are) overloaded and the prospective current that would be drawn if the zappi were allowed to start charge at the minimum current	the Grid Limit set in the Ζαρρί	- In a three phase installation, consider rebalancing the property load across the three phases
Installation Limit !	- The Grid CT has become	- Check CT is installed correctly.
G100 displayed	disconnected or is not clamped correctly around the grid supply cable	

Faults

If any of the following fault messages are displayed, follow the action described.

Displayed Message	Description	Action	
Unknown Cable !	zoppi has detected an unknown EV cable (untethered units only)	zappi will automatically retest the cable after 5 seconds.	
	Make sure you are using genuine IEC 62196-2 compliant plugs.	If the issue persists, unplug the cable check for dirt in the plug and try again.	
	Range supported: 32A, 20A and 13A.		
Pilot problem !	zoppi has detected an issue with the "Control Pilot" signal on the cable	zappi will automatically retest the cable after 5 seconds.	
	between the zoppi and the EV.	If the issue persists unplug the cable, check for dirt in the plug and try again.	
Lock Failure !	The socket lock actuator couldn't	This message can happen when the plug is	
Fault code 23	lock/unlock the inserted plug as expected (untethered units only).	not fully inserted or if it is twisted or pulled from the socket.	
		Push the plug fully into the zoppi to release the plug, then press and hold the \equiv button to reset the unit.	
PE Fault ! Fault code 25	zappi has detected a problem with the main earth connection to the unit. The earth is either disconnected or the	Unplug the EV, check the earth connection to the zappi and then hold the button to reset the unit.	
	impedance of the earth connection is too high.	If the electricity supply is "IT earthed" checkthe Supply Grid / Earthing menu setting.	
Comms Fault !	zappi has detected an issue with the	Unplug the EV, press and hold the 🗐	
Fault code 26	built-in protection components.	button to reset the unit.	
SelfTest Failed !	The built-in protection devices couldn't	Unplug the EV, press and hold the 🗐	
Fault code 27	be tested or failed the test prior to a charge.	button to reset the unit.	
Contactor Fault ! Fault code 28	The relay inside the zoppi has a welded contact. The secondary relay is open to make sure that the supply to the EV is isolated.	Unplug the EV, press and hold the button to reset the unit.	
Output Fault !	zappi has detected a wrong output	Unplug the EV, press and hold the 🗐	
Fault code 24	voltage. e.g. a voltage has been button to reset the unit. detected when it should be off.		
Overload !	The EV is drawing too much current -	Unplug the EV, press and hold the 🗐	
Fault code 30	the output is switched off.	button to reset the unit.	
Bad Voltage Range !	zappi has detected that the supply	Unplug the EV, make sure that the fault has	
Over Voltage!	voltage is too high/low and has	been removed and hold the button to reset the unit.	
Under Voltage!	disconnected the EV to protect it.	reset the unit.	
Fault code 31			
Overheating!	The zappi unit is too hot – the output is switched off.	Make sure that the zoppi is properly ventilated (e.g. has not been covered).	

Troubleshooting

		Charge will resume once the unit has cooled down again.
Voltage Mismatch !	The output voltage detected by zappi	Unplug the EV, press and hold the 🗐
Fault code 32	and the built-in protection components is not the same.	button to reset the unit

If any of the above faults persist then stop using your zappi and contact your supplier or myenergi technical support at $\underline{\text{support@myenergi.com}}$.

Warranty

Subject to the provisions described below, this product is protected for three (3) years from the date of purchase against faults in material and workmanship.

Prior to returning any faulty product to myenergi, the end customer must report the faulty product to myenergi by either emailing myenergi at **support@myenergi.com** or calling myenergi on **+44** (0)333 300 1303. If myenergi agrees that the product should be returned (to be determined at the sole discretion of myenergi), it will issue a Return Merchandise Authorisation (RMA) number. The RMA must be clearly marked on the packaging of the product to be returned. myenergi may arrange collection at its discretion, otherwise myenergi will refund the cost of shipping charges up to, and not exceeding, the cost of second-class shipping.

Should the product develop a fault within the relevant warranted period as set out above, it will be repaired or replaced with the same or functionally equivalent product by myenergi, at its sole discretion, free of charge provided the end customer: (1) returns the failed product to myenergi as provided above, and (2) provides myenergi with proof of the original date of purchase. Returned or replacement products will be returned to the end customer with shipping charges prepaid.

Replacement products may be refurbished or contain refurbished materials. The replacement product, including parts or materials repaired or replaced, are covered only until the end of the applicable warranty period stated above. If myenergi, by its sole determination, is unable to repair or replace the faulty product, it will refund the depreciated purchase price of the product.

The warranty does not apply if, at the sole discretion of myenergi, the product fault is directly or indirectly due to damage resulting from reasonable wear or deterioration, shipment, handling, storage, incorrect installation, negligence, accident, theft or vandalism, the environment or an act of God (including, but not limited to, floods, storms, earthquakes and fires), inappropriate use or cleaning of the product, relocation of the product after its first installation, abuse, misuse, or if it has been used or maintained in a manner not conforming to product manual instructions, has been modified in any way, or has had any serial number or other identification markings removed or defaced.

Repair of the product by anyone other than myenergi or an approved agent will void this warranty.

Nothing in this agreement will affect the end customer's statutory rights or limit or exclude myenergi's liability for (1) death or personal injury caused by its negligence (2) fraud or fraudulent misrepresentation; (3) for breach of any term implied or statutory condition contained in by the Consumer Rights Act 2015, and which, by law may not be limited or excluded; (4) defective products under the Consumer Protection Act 1987; or (5) any matter in respect of which it would be unlawful for myenergi to exclude or restrict liability.

The maximum liability of myenergi under this warranty is limited to the purchase price of the product covered by the warranty and is strictly limited to losses that were reasonably foreseeable.

myenergionly supply products for resale for domestic, light commercial and private use. myenergiaccept no liability to the end customer for any loss of profit, loss of business, business interruption, loss of business opportunity, revenue, contracts, data, goodwill or any indirect or consequential losses.

This warranty and any dispute or claim (including non-contractual disputes or claims) arising out of or in connection with it or its subject matter or formation shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of England and Wales. Each party irrevocably agrees that the courts of England and Wales shall have exclusive jurisdiction to settle any dispute or claim (including non-contractual disputes or claims) arising out of or in connection with this warranty or its subject matter or formation.

Product Registration

Please register your new myenergi devices at https://myenergi.com/product-registration/

Technical Specifications

Technical Specifications

Performance

Mounting Location	Indoor or Outdoor (permanent mounting)
Charging Mode	Mode 3 (IEC 61851-1 compliant communication protocol)
Display	Graphical backlit LCD
Front LED	Multicolour, according to charge status, current and user setting
Charging Current	6A to 32A (variable)
Dynamic Load Balancing	Optional setting to limit current drawn from the unit supply or the grid
Charging Profile	3 charging modes: ECO, ECO+ or FAST. STOP is a further option
Connector Type	Type 2 tethered cable (6.5m) or type 2 socket with locking system
Compliance	LVD 2014/35/EU, EMC 2014/30/EU, EN 61851-1:2019, EN 62196-2:2017, ROHS 2011/65/EU, CE Certified

Electrical Specifications

Rated Power	7kW (1-phase) or 22kW (3-phase)
Rated Supply Voltage	230V AC Single Phase or 400V AC 3-Phase (+/- 10%)
Supply Frequency	50Hz
Rated Current	32A max
Standby Power Consumption	3W
Integral Protection	6mA DC residual current protection (RDC-DD in accordance with EN 62955)
Economy Tariff Sense Input	230V AC sensing (4.0kV isolated)
Wireless Interface	$868\mathrm{MHz}$ / $915\mathrm{MHz}$ (-A units) proprietary protocol for wireless sensor and remote monitoring options
Grid Current Sensor	100A max. primary current, 16mm max. cable diameter
Supply Cable Entry	Rear / Bottom / Left side / Right side

Mechanical Specifications

Enclosure Dimensions	439 x 282 x 122mm		
Protection Degree	IP65 (weatherproof)		
Enclosure Material	ASA 6 & 3mm (UL 94 flame retardant) colours: white RAL 9016 and grey RAL 9006		
Operating Temperature	-25°C to +40°C		
Fixing Points	In-line vertical mounting holes		
Weight	Single Phase Untethered: Single Phase Tethered: Three Phase Untethered: Three Phase Tethered:	3.0kg 5.5kg 3.3kg 7.2kg	

Charging Modes

ECO	Charge power is continuously adjusted in response to changes in generation or power consumption elsewhere in the home. Charging will continue until the vehicle is fully charged, even if power is drawn from the grid.
ECO+	Charge power is continuously adjusted in response to changes in generation or power consumption elsewhere in the home.
	Charging will pause if there is too much imported power, continuing only when there is sufficient surplus power available.
FAST	In this mode, the vehicle will be charged at maximum power.
	This is just like an ordinary Mode 3 charging point.

Model Variants

Variants with (-A) have specific hardware for the wireless interface to operate in the 915MHz band instead of the 868MHz band

Model No.	Rating	Connector	Colour
ZAPPI-207UW	7kW	Untethered	White
ZAPPI-207UW-A	1 1/4	Ontethered	Willte
ZAPPI-207TW	7kW	Tethered	White
ZAPPI-207TW-A	7 7 7 7	rethered	Wille
ZAPPI-207UB	7kW	Untethered	Black
ZAPPI-207UB-A	7 7 7 7	Ontethered	DidCk
ZAPPI-207TB	7kW	Tethered	Black
ZAPPI-207TB-A	/ KVV	rethered	DIdCK
ZAPPI-222UW	24kW (3-Phase)	Untethered	White
ZAPPI-222UW-A	24KW (3-Filase)	Ontethered	Wille
ZAPPI-222TW	24kW (3-Phase)	Tethered	White
ZAPPI-222TW-A	24KW (3-Filase)	retilered	Wille
ZAPPI-222UB	24kW (2 Phase)	Untethered	Black
ZAPPI-222UB-A	24kW (3-Phase)	Ontethered	Diack
ZAPPI-222TB	24kW (2 Dhaca)	Tethered	Black
ZAPPI-222TB-A	24kW (3-Phase)	Tethereu	DIDLIK

Designed to permit installations compliant with IET Wiring Regulations BS 7671:2018 Amendment 1:2020 and the Electricity Safety, Quality, and Continuity Regulations 2002 and BS 8300:2009+A1:2010.

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myaccount

Register your myenergi devices, track your energy usage, make the most of flexible and "time of use" tariffs and much more at the myenergi online account myaccount.myenerg.com.



The myenergi app

We have a myenergi app for iPhone and Android devices. This allows you to control and monitor your zappi and other myenergi devices.

The app is free to download and use and is available from the appropriate app store, but you will need to install the myenergi hub to connect your zappi to the internet.

Please check on our web site (www.myenergi.com) for more details.

The myenergi forum

We also have a very active user forum at www.myenergi.info

This is where our customers and installers share their experiences, provide advice to each other on getting the best out of their myenergi products and share their ideas for future product development.

We also post details of firmware updates on this forum and provide answers to the questions raised.

Technical Support

If you experience any issues with your zappi during or post installation, please contact our technical support team:

support@myenergi.com

0333 300 1303

Mon-Thu 9.00am - 5.00pm

Fri 9.30am - 5.00pm

Our experienced engineers will be pleased to assist and to help solve your issues over the phone.

Please contact us directly for the quickest solution.



This is your unique product identification		

Please use the space inside the back cover of this manual to record the details of your installation and keep this information safe.

Make sure you register your new zαρρί at <u>myaccount.myenergi.com</u> and also have a look at the myenergi αρρ



myenergi

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